## Nursing Home Transitions: Success Through Collaborative Advocacy

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## Housekeeping

- All on mute. Use Questions function for substantive questions and for technical concerns.
- Problems getting on the webinar? Send an e-mail to <a href="MCLER@acl.hhs.gov">NCLER@acl.hhs.gov</a>.
- Written materials and a recording will be available at <u>NCLER.acl.gov</u>. See also the chat box for this web address.



### **About NCLER**

The National Center on Law and Elder Rights (NCLER) provides the legal services and aging and disability communities with the tools and resources they need to serve older adults with the greatest economic and social needs. A centralized, onestop shop for legal assistance, NCLER provides Legal Training, Case Consultations, and Technical Assistance on Legal Systems Development. Justice in Aging administers the NCLER through a contract with the Administration for Community Living's Administration on Aging.



## **Faculty**

Gwen Orlowski, Esq.

Attorney, Central Jersey Legal Services

• Amy Brown, Esq.

Director of Advocacy and Outreach,
I Choose Home NJ / NJ Long-Term Care
Ombudsman



## Learning Objectives

#### Participants in this session will:

- Gain an understanding of the Money Follows the Person program and how it serves to successfully transition Medicaid residents from nursing homes.
- 2. Describe various legal issues that arise in complex nursing home transitions and how, in light of NJ's experience, some of these issues can be addressed.
- 3. Identify scenarios in which collaboration with Legal Services and/or Long-Term Care Ombudsman to advance NF transitions can prove fruitful.
- 4. Review the federal HCBS person-centered planning rules and better understand how those rules can be used to advocate on behalf of nursing home residents with challenging/complex circumstances in an effort to transition back to the community.



## **Two Nursing Home Transition Stories**





## Survey Question re George

What do you think will be the most difficult barrier for George to overcome to move out of the facility?

- A) past rental/housing issues
- B) cognitive/clinical issues
- C) intransigent facility staff





## Ana





## Survey Question re Ana

What do you think will be the most difficult barrier for Ana to overcome to move back home?

- A) family support/dynamics
- B) high need for services
- C) intransigent facility staff
- D) concerns about diminished capacity
- E) keeping apartment during planning process





## What is I Choose Home NJ (MFP)?



- Helps low-income seniors and individuals with disabilities to transition from nursing homes back to the community.
- Program savings are invested into long-term care supports and services in the community, as opposed to institutions.





## Long-Term Care Ombudsman (LTCO) Strengths When Transitioning Residents





- Resident-focused advocacy
- Power to investigate and resolve barriers to transition
- Access to other state partners/agencies
- Power to educate facility staff, residents, and families
- Volunteer Advocates in 80% of nursing homes



## Legal Services Strengths When Transitioning Residents

- Title IIIB Mandate
- Broad subject matter legal expertise
- Litigation experience/knowledge
- Representation often ensures greater responsiveness



## Subject Matter Expertise

Ombudsman	Legal Services
<ul> <li>Nursing home laws and regulations</li> </ul>	• Housing
<ul> <li>Nursing home policies / best practices</li> </ul>	Consumer Law
Residents' rights	<ul> <li>Public Benefits</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Capacity issues (guardianship, powers of attorney)</li> </ul>	• Expungements



## **Top 5 Barriers to Transition**



- Housing
- Family conflict
- Unresponsive/intransigent facility staff
- Medicaid eligibility and service planning
- Residents with diminished capacity



## Housing







- Acute lack of affordable <u>and</u> accessible housing for very low-income NF residents
- Prior evictions, bad credit history, criminal history
- Difficulty maintaining current housing



## Family Conflict

- Family and friends (loved ones) invested in person remaining in the nursing home
- Facility deferring to family, not the resident
- Family guilt / indecision about caring for person in community





## Unresponsive / Intransigent Staff

- Pressure from management to keep residents
- Constant turnover and need to educate new staff
- Facility ignorance of M.D.S. Section Q
- Lack of consideration of clinical and social needs pre-transition



## Medicaid

- Difficulty applying
- Confusing clinical and financial eligibility criteria
- HCBS services upon discharge
- Denials/reductions/ terminations in services





## **Diminished Capacity**

- Facility "best interest" mentality
- Not speaking directly to resident him/herself
- Inappropriate deference to family/friends
- Lack of financial control



# Nursing Home to HCBS: What's in the Attorney's Toolbox?

- Person-Centered Planning Rules
- Medicaid Waiver: Short Term Nursing Home Stay benefit
- State-level Advocacy→ LTCO
- Litigation



## Person Centered Planning Rules

- 2014 Federal HCBS Rule
  - Justice in Aging:"A Right to Person-Centered Planning"
- 2016 Revisions to Federal Nursing Home Regulations
  - Consumer Voice:
     <u>"Assessments, Care Planning, and Discharge Planning"</u>



# HCBS PCP Rules & Transition Planning (2014)

#### Consumer Leads the Process

- Requires informed choices
- Reflects strengths, preferences, goals, and desired outcomes
- Consumer retains due process rights





# NF PCP Rules & Transition Planning (2016)

- Definition of Person-Centered Care
- Comprehensive Person-Centered Care Plans
- On-going Discharge Plans: focus on resident's discharge goals
- Resident has control during care planning and day-to-day decisions



## Short-Term Nursing Facility Stay Benefit NJ's 1115 Waiver STC #33

## Benefit = Right to retain income while in NF short-term

- Must be receiving HCBS prior to entering NF
- Reasonably expected to be discharge and resume HCBS within 180 days
- Use the post-eligibility rules at 42 CFR §435.726 (HCBS) rather than 42 CFR §435.725 (institutional)



\$2205/month MA vs. \$50/month PNA





## Collaborating with LTCO



#### CJLS reaches out to NJ LTCO when:

- Nursing home is being recalcitrant
- When housing is needed
- Resident has complex medical needs
- Difficult family dynamics



## George





## Scenario 1, Question 1

Identify which entity – LTCO or Legal Services – would be most equipped to "first chair" the following issue:

The NF social worker is not advancing George's transition and consistently says "But I just don't think leaving is in his best interest!"

- A) LTCO
- B) Legal Services
- C) Both are equally equipped to handle



## Scenario 1, Question 2

Identify which entity – LTCO or Legal Services – would be most equipped to "first chair" the following issue:

The State Public Housing Authority denied George's housing voucher, citing threatening behavior in a PHA property 15 years ago.

- A) LTCO
- B) Legal Services
- C) Both are equally equipped to handle



## Scenario 1, Question 3

George has a TBI and his capacity is slightly diminished, he sometimes is aggressive and makes compulsive decisions. How would this affect your advocacy?

- A) Stronger advocacy with the NF to maximize his autonomy/capacity.
- B) Ensure HCBS care plan includes TBI-specific services.
- C) Help resident identify a circle of support for decision-making in the community.
- D) All of the above.



## Ana



## Scenario 2, Question 1

Identify which entity – LTCO or Legal Services – would be most equipped to "first chair" the following issue:

A critical element of Ana's discharge plan is that her niece move in with her to provide LTSS to wrap around MCOprovided PCA, but the niece keeps changing her mind and will not commit.

- A) LTCO
- B) Legal Services
- C) Both are equally equipped to handle



## Scenario 2, Question 2

Identify which entity – LTCO or Legal Services – would be most equipped to "first chair" the following issue:

Ana's MCO will only authorized a maximum of 40 hrs/wk of PCA even though there is authority under state law to provide more in exceptional circumstances. Even with niece's help, 40 hrs/wk is not sufficient.

- A) LTCO
- B) Legal Services
- C) Both are equally equipped to handle



## Scenario 2, Question 3

No one questioned Ana's capacity when she first arrived at the NF, but as the discharge planning drags on, she is beginning to exhibit short-term memory issues and has trouble making decisions.

How does this change your approach to advocacy on behalf of Ana?

- A) Review RPC 1.14 Client under a Disability
- B) Access behavioral health consult and services
- C) Include support network to help with decisionmaking
- D) All of the above



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## Questions?

All attendees can submit questions via the chat feature on the webinar interface.



### **Case Consultations**

Case consultation assistance is available for attorneys and professionals seeking more information to help older adults. Contact NCLER at <a href="mailto:ConsultNCLER@acl.hhs.gov">ConsultNCLER@acl.hhs.gov</a>.



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